substituted with the approval of the Regional Supervisor.

- (6) Pipelines incoming to a subsea tie-in shall be equipped with a block valve and an FSV. Bidirectional pipelines connected to a subsea tie-in shall be equipped with only a block valve.
- (7) Gas-lift or water-injection pipelines on unmanned platforms need only be equipped with an FSV installed immediately upstream of each casing annulus or the first inlet valve on the christmas tree.
- (8) Bidirectional pipelines shall be equipped with a PSHL and an SDV immediately upon boarding each platform.
- (9) Pipeline pumps must comply with section A7 of API RP 14C (as incorporated by reference in §250.198). The setting levels for the PSHL devices are specified in paragraph (b)(3) of this section.
- (c) If the required safety equipment is rendered ineffective or removed from service on pipelines which are continued in operation, an equivalent degree of safety shall be provided. The safety equipment shall be identified by the placement of a sign on the equipment stating that the equipment is rendered ineffective or removed from service.

§ 250.1005 Inspection requirements for DOI pipelines.

- (a) Pipeline routes shall be inspected at time intervals and methods prescribed by the Regional Supervisor for indication of pipeline leakage. The results of these inspections shall be retained for at least 2 years and be made available to the Regional Supervisor upon request.
- (b) When pipelines are protected by rectifiers or anodes for which the initial life expectancy of the cathodic protection system either cannot be calculated or calculations indicate a life expectancy of less than 20 years, such pipelines shall be inspected annually by taking measurements of pipe-to-electrolyte potential.

§ 250.1006 How must I decommission and take out of service a DOI pipeline?

- (a) The requirements for decommissioning pipelines are listed in §250.1750 through §250.1754.
- (b) The table in this section lists the requirements if you take a DOI pipeline out of service:

If you have the pipeline out of service for:	Then you must:
(1) 1 year or less,	Isolate the pipeline with a blind flange or a closed block valve at each end of the pipeline.
(2) More than 1 year but less than 5 years,(3) 5 or more years,	Flush and fill the pipeline with inhibited seawater. Decommission the pipeline according to §§ 250.1750–250.1754.

$\S 250.1007$ What to include in applications.

- (a) Applications to install a lease term pipeline or for a pipeline right-of-way grant must be submitted in quadruplicate to the Regional Supervisor. Right-of-way grant applications must include an identification of the operator of the pipeline. Each application must include the following:
- (1) Plat(s) drawn to a scale specified by the Regional Supervisor showing major features and other pertinent data including area, lease, and block designations; water depths; route; length in Federal waters; width of right-of-way, if applicable; connecting facilities; size; product(s) to be transported with anticipated gravity or den-

sity; burial depth; direction of flow; X-Y coordinates of key points; and the location of other pipelines that will be connected to or crossed by the proposed pipeline(s). The initial and terminal points of the pipeline and any continuation into State jurisdiction shall be accurately located even if the pipeline is to have an onshore terminal point. A plat(s) submitted for a pipeline right-of-way shall bear a signed certificate upon its face by the engineer who made the map that certifies that the right-of-way is accurately represented upon the map and that the design characteristics of the associated pipeline are in accordance with applicable regulations.

§ 250.1008

- (2) A schematic drawing showing the size, weight, grade, wall thickness, and type of line pipe and risers; pressureregulating devices (including backpressure regulators); sensing devices with associated pressure-control lines; PSV's and settings; SDV's, FSV's, and block valves; and manifolds. This schematic drawing shall also show input source(s), e.g., wells, pumps, compressors, and vessels; maximum input pressure(s); the rated working pressure, as specified by ANSI or API, of all valves, flanges, and fittings; the initial receiving equipment and its rated working pressure; and associated safety equipment and pig launchers and receivers. The schematic must indicate the point on the OCS at which operating responsibility transfers between a producing operator and a transporting operator.
 - (3) General information as follows:
- (i) Description of cathodic protection system. If pipeline anodes are to be used, specify the type, size, weight, number, spacing, and anticipated life;
- (ii) Description of external pipeline coating system;
- (iii) Description of internal protective measures:
- (iv) Specific gravity of the empty pipe:
 - (v) MSP:
- (vi) MAOP and calculations used in its determination;
- (vii) Hydrostatic test pressure, medium, and period of time that the line will be tested:
- (viii) MAOP of the receiving pipeline or facility,
- (ix) Proposed date for commencing installation and estimated time for construction; and
- (x) Type of protection to be afforded crossing pipelines, subsea valves, taps, and manifold assemblies, if applicable.
- (4) A description of any additional design precautions you took to enable the pipeline to withstand the effects of water currents, storm or ice scouring, soft bottoms, mudslides, earthquakes, permafrost, and other environmental factors.
- (i) If you propose to use unbonded flexible pipe, your application must include:
- (A) The manufacturer's design specification sheet;
 - (B) The design pressure (psi);

- (C) An identification of the design standards you used; and
- (D) A review by a third-party independent verification agent (IVA) according to API Spec 17J (as incorporated by reference in §250.198), if applicable.
- (ii) If you propose to use one or more pipeline risers for a tension leg platform or other floating platform, your application must include:
- (A) The design fatigue life of the riser, with calculations, and the fatigue point at which you would replace the riser;
- (B) The results of your vortex-induced vibration (VIV) analysis;
- (C) An identification of the design standards you used; and
- (D) A description of any necessary mitigation measures such as the use of helical strakes or anchoring devices.
- (5) The application shall include a shallow hazards survey report and, if required by the Regional Director, an archaeological resource report that covers the entire length of the pipeline. A shallow hazards analysis may be included in a lease term pipeline application in lieu of the shallow hazards survey report with the approval of the Regional Director. The Regional Director may require the submission of the data upon which the report or analysis is based.
- (b) Applications to modify an approved lease term pipeline or right-of-way grant shall be submitted in quadruplicate to the Regional Supervisor. These applications need only address those items in the original application affected by the proposed modification.

§ 250.1008 Reports.

- (a) The lessee, or right-of-way holder, shall notify the Regional Supervisor at least 48 hours prior to commencing the installation or relocation of a pipeline or conducting a pressure test on a pipeline.
- (b) The lessee or right-of-way holder shall submit a report to the Regional Supervisor within 90 days after completion of any pipeline construction. The report, submitted in triplicate, shall include an "as-built" location plat drawn to a scale specified by the Regional Supervisor showing the location, length in Federal waters, and X-